PBIS POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS AND SUPPORTS





INTRODUCTION

Let's get to know each other!





ARKANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

- Center for Community Engagement
- Office of Behavioral Research & Evaluation
- PBIS Resource Center







Anne, David & Hayley

"EXPECTATIONS" FOR TODAY ©

Be Respectful

Be a good listener

Be Responsible

Be active! Participate in the discussion and activities!

Be Productive

- Stay on task
- Help others stay on task



GOALS FOR TODAY'S PRESENTATION

❖To provide an overview of Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports

PBIS

(also called PBS and SW-PBS)



PRINCIPAL'S SURVEY QUESTIONS:

Q: What are the top 2 concerns or needs at your school for which you would like help/assistance from ASU's College of Education?

- Common Core
- Teacher Excellence Support System (TESS)
- Student behavior problems (classroom management, PBIS, etc)

*58 respondents



WHAT ARE CRITICAL NEEDS OF TEACHERS?

instructional skills

classroom management



TESS

A Framework for Teaching: Components of Professional Practice

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment

- a) Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
- b) Establishing a Culture for Learning
- c) Managing Classroom Procedures
- d) Managing Student Behavior
- e) Organizing Physical Space



HOW DID YOU ANSWER THIS QUESTION?

"I am confident in my classroom management skills"



Confident or not.....

...all schools and classrooms have behavioral challenges



What are some of the most common problem behaviors in schools?



From: Trends in Behavioral Referrals within a School-Wide
Discipline Plan
Rebecca C. Tursell
Internship conducted at Piney Point Elementary, Second Grade
Cooperating teacher: Mrs. Genevieve Pharis

So how do you *change* student behavior in your school?



Where do you start?







ASSESSMENT





Start by assessing student behavior in your school

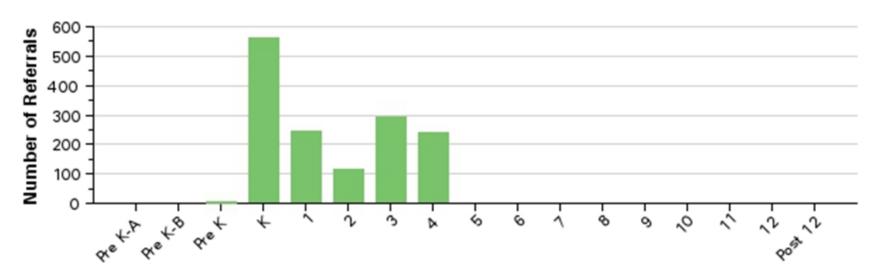


WHO are the students receiving ODRs?

Referrals by Grade

All, Aug 1, 2013 - Jul 17, 2014





Grade

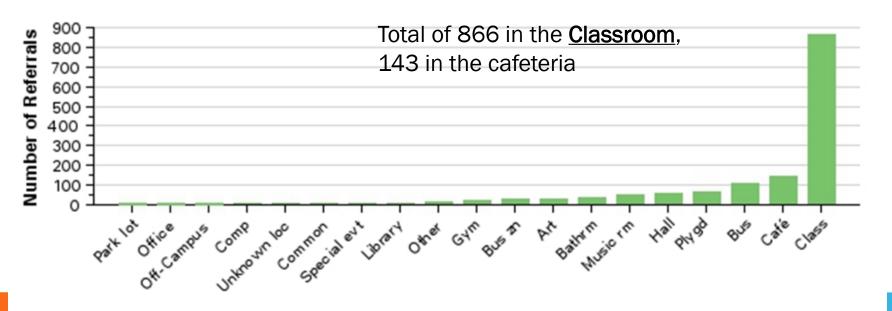


WHERE are the students receiving ODRs?

Referrals by Location

All, Aug 1, 2013 - Jul 17, 2014





Location

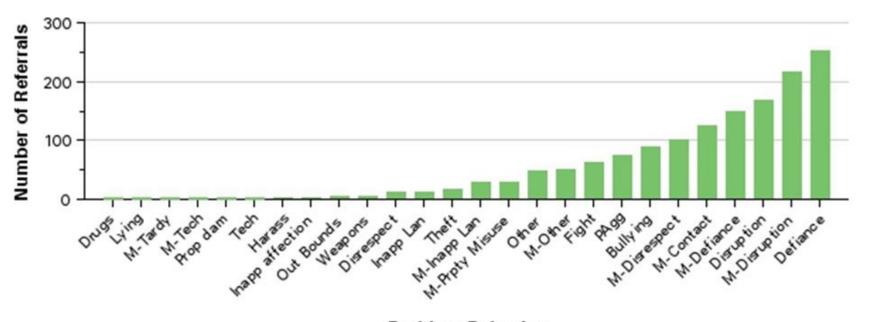


WHAT are the students receiving ODRs for?

Referrals by Problem Behavior

All, Aug 1, 2013 - Jul 17, 2014





Problem Behavior



What is PBIS and how can it help?



PBIS is a <u>framework</u> for improving school climate by changing behavior





From Lavonda Newsom: Blytheville Primary School

"I think teachers should know if they can get the classroom behavior under control, the teaching is the easy part"



PBIS is Proactive PBIS is Prevention



The PBIS framework is similar to the RtI framework that exist in your school

PBIS = RtI



How did you answer this question?

"I know the fundamentals of Response to Intervention (RtI)"



Comprehensive, Integrated, Three-Tier Model of Prevention

(Lane, Kalberg, & Menzies, 2009)

Goal: Reduce Harm
Specialized Individual Systems
for Students with High-Risk

Tertiary Prevention (Tier 3)

[≈]15%

Secondary Prevention (Tier 2)

Goal: Reverse Harm
Specialized Group Systems
for Students At-Risk

Goal: Prevent Harm

School/Classroom-Wide Systems for

All Students, Staff, & Settings

Core Instruction/RTI

Primary Prevention (Tier 1)

PBIS Framework

Character
Education;
Social Skills
Improvement
System

Academic

Behavioral

Socia



PBIS = WHAT'S IN IT FOR YOU?

- Sanity ☺
- More time spent on positive interactions with students
- Predictability:
 - Common, consistent practices and routines
 - Common language
- More instructional time



PBIS Implementation Survey: Langston Elementary School August 2014

- Have more consistent implementation across our school
- School as a whole group to be consistent
- Ways to incorporate PBIS in pull-out settings
- Consistency throughout the building
- Make rewards system clearer and easier (less time consuming)
- Be on the same page through whole building
- Same for classrooms and activities-everywhere
- To be on the same page as everyone
- Better understanding of PBIS

IF YOU WANT STUDENT BEHAVIOR TO CHANGE ...

... Focus on YOU!





The **focus** cannot just be on student behaviorit also has to be on **adult behavior**







"WHAT THE WORLD'S GREATEST MANAGERS DO DIFFERENTLY""

...BUCKINGHAM & COFFMAN 202, GALLUP

Interviews with 1 million workers, 80,000 managers, in 400 companies.

Create working environments where employees:

1. Know what is expected

2. Have the materials and equipment to do the job correctly

3. Receive recognition each week for good work

4. Have a supervisor who cares, and pays attention

5. Receive encouragement to contribute and improve

- Can identify a person at work who is a "best friend"
- 7. Feel the mission of the organization makes them feel like their jobs are important
- 8. See the people around them committed to doing a good job
- 9. Feel like they are learning new things (getting better)
- 10. Have the opportunity to do their job well

What happens when you start every sentence with ...

"Don't"?



EXAMPLE: LEARNING TO PLAY LACROSSE

- 1. Don't have 12 players on the field.
- 2. Never have less than 4 defensive players at the bottom half of the field.
- 3. <u>Don't</u> carry the ball in your hands.
- 4. Never have more than 3 midfielders.
- 5. <u>Don't</u> have defensive and offensive players on the same side of the field.



Now....GO PLAY!!! ©





POSITIVE ADULT BEHAVIORS=POSITIVE STUDENT BEHAVIORS

- Build positive relationships
- > Give students encouragement
- Engage students academically, socially
- Recognize students for positive behaviors





The PBIS framework starts with establishing a consistent school-wide plan.



KEY COMPONENTS OF PBIS

- 1. Clear expectations and rules
- 2. Consistent teaching & enforcement of rules
- 3. Consistent reinforcement of appropriate behavior
- 4. Regular examination of data
- 5. Regular evaluation of progress and school



COMPONENT #1: BEHAVIORAL EXPECTATIONS

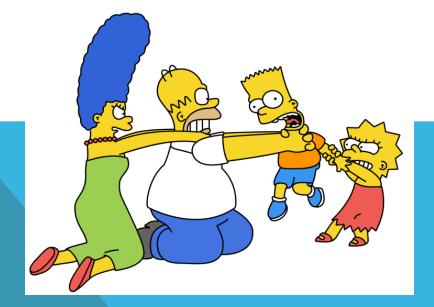


What behavior do you want to see?



SHOULDN'T STUDENTS KNOW HOW TO BEHAVE?

- Each child shows up at school with a different story.
- Discipline is different in each family!
 - Harsh
 - Lax
 - Culturally driven
 - Different depending on where they are from day to day





COMPONENT 1:

Start by establishing clear expectations and rules

Use data to see what the problems are

For example, if there are a lot of office referrals for harassment, Be
 Respectful may be a good choice.





What are the expected behaviors at Brookland Middle School?

"Bearcats never L.O.S.E.
when they respect

Learning, Others,

Self, and Environment."

OFFINING EXPECTATIONS

OFFINING EXPERIENTS IN PLE How will you describe what each expectation 'looks' like' in each setting?



DEFINING EXPECTATIONS

Rules are based on school-wide expectations:

- State positively
- Use common and few words
- Show what the behavior "looks like"
- 1. Take turns.
- 2. Use kind words and actions.
- 3. Line up quickly and quietly.

Be Respectful on the Playground



KNIGHTLY CODE

Be Respectful Voices
Wait for your
turn in line

-Clean up after yourself -Line up ONLY when your table is called

Be Safe

Be

Responsible

Keep all food to yourself Walk Stay seated

Lunchroom Bathroom

-Vaice level 2 or less -Give privacy

Put trash in trash can

Flush the toilet Report any problems to an adult.

Keep water in the sink Wash your hands with soap Recess

-Play fair -Follow rules

-Be careful

Line up when you hear the bell

Stay within the boundaries

Hallway

Hold the door for the person behind you Protanity is not allowed

-Voice level of Go directly to your location

-Walk

Eyes in front

-Pay attention

Arms folded



- ■Be quick.
- Speak quietly.
- Respect privacy of others.
- Use fixtures & supplies appropriately.
- Put only toilet paper in toilet.
- •Flush toilet.
- •Wash & dry hands.
- •Keep restrooms clean.
- Report anything that needs attention to a staff member.

COMPONENT #2: IMPLEMENTATION



COMPONENT #2:

Consistent teaching & enforcement of rules



How do we teach our students our behavioral expectations?

Name: Brooke Smith Date: June 20, 2014

Math Review

1. What is the mode of 9 2 8 9 2 8 9 9?

2. What is 47.6 rounded to the nearest number?

3. Tim stacked 54 books into 9 even piles. How many books did Tim put into each pile?

4. Evaluate.

 $3^2 = 89$ $5^3 = 15$ 125 $4^7 = 28$ 16.384

5. Solve for x.

7x-4x=12

5. Solve.

4.73

+ 5.49 10.22 x 2.2 9.12 x 2.4 48.84

22.2

23.4

"If a child doesn't know how to read, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to swim, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to multiply, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to drive, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to behave, we... ...teach? ...punish?"

"Why can't we finish the last sentence as automatically as we do the others?"



Instead of continual punishment...

teach, monitor & reward the behaviors you want to see!



EXAMPLE: BEHAVIOR LESSON PLAN FOR CAFETERIA

(ELEMENTARY)

I Am Safe

Teaching Examples

Example: Darius uses two hands on his tray and looks forward as he moves to his table.

Non Example: Alex forgets his straw. He runs back to the utensil tray, pushes his way in, and grabs a new one.

Example: Judy accidentally knocks over her milk. She raises her hand to get help to clean it up so no one falls.

Student Activity

- 1. Walk your students through the lunch room process before the lunch shift starts.
- 2. Practice washing hands, with soap, to the count of ten, rinse, and dry using one towel.
- 3. Make a poster to hang in the cafeteria to illustrate a safety skill.

After the Lesson (During the Day)

- 1. Review safety precautions building-wide.
- 2. Discuss food safety (hygiene, sharing, temperature, etc.)





PBIS DISRUPTIONS EXPECTATIONS VIDEO CLIP



STUDENTS TEACH "BOOSTER" TRAININGS



COMPONENT #3: ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



Why do we need to acknowledge students for behaving like they should?



- Encourage the behaviors we want to occur again in the future
- Positive peer pressure
- May be the only bright spot in student's day!!
- Turn the behavior into a habit!!







Goal.....

Change from continuous (all the time) to partial or intermittent (some of the time)



COMPONENT #3:

Consistent reinforcement of appropriate behavior



What about a simple



To encourage good behavior...we must acknowledge it when we see it!





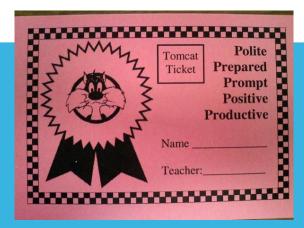
TICKETS = "TANGIBLE" ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

PLATTSBURGH SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL			
To	GOTCHA		
PHS Pride	CARD		
THANKS	FOR BEING A POSITIVE ROLE MODEL!		
Student			

OWLinde	r Hoots
Name:	Δ.
For being:	_ In the:
☐ Safe	Cafeteria/Owls nes
Responsible	Play Area
Respectful	Bathroom
Standard Commence	Walkways
Given by:	Wor

BE ON TARGET	ON	TARGET
Taken near-	É	J.
To Sent	M	
These "Target Tickets" are given whom staff catch showing sa behavior. The tickets are enter	fe, respe	ctful and responsible

	behavior. The ticke
C	HOOT AWARD
4	You were caught being W.I.S.E.
schall	enberger
Name	K
_	We are RESPECTFUL!
_	I CARE!
_	SAFETY Matters!
_	Everyone is RESPONSIBLE!
	as report author
March 1	behavior:

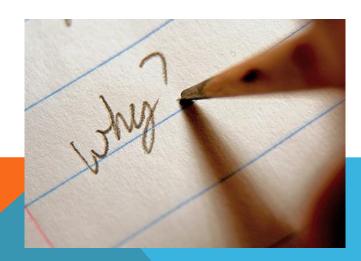




Tips for giving out Acknowledgments....



- •Always tell the student WHY he/she is getting the acknowledgement
- restate the expectation





Be SPECIFIC in your praise!

No:

"Yo Dude....good job!"

Yes:

"Thank you Jack for picking up that trash! I appreciate how you are **respecting** our cafeteria!"



Student Behavior has been Acknowledged.....

...now what do your students do with all those tickets???





You Celebrate good behavior!









Price Form Store Outer Forms

Pride Paw Store Order Form

Name:		
Homeroom teacher: _		
Circle the item(s) you	want to purchase.	
Fold up this paper and	put it and your Pride F	aws in a zip-lock b
Give the bag to your te	eacher to turn in.	
200	<u>150</u>	<u>100</u>
Basketball	Yo-yo	Flarp noise putty
Soccer ball	Bouncey ball	Silly Putty
Football		
4-square ball		

<u>75</u> <u>50</u>

Lunch line pass 5 glow sticks

Admission pass Juice box

(for school ball game) Barefoot pass

Bearcat silly bands (set of 5)

Positive Behavior Celebrations!







COMPONENT #4: DATA BASED DECISION MAKING





How do you target the behaviors you want to see?



COMPONENT #4:

Regular examination of data

- Celebrate successes and look for areas of improvement
- Be PRECISE in your planning & problem solving!



DEVELOPING A PLAN

- Prevention keep it from happening again
- <u>Extinction</u> make the expected behavior more attractive than the problem behavior
- <u>Recognition</u> acknowledge those that follow the expected behavior
- <u>Consequences</u> <u>consistent</u> handling of any persistent problem behaviors
- <u>Data Collection</u> is it working?



PRISTERN DEVELOR PROCESS



TEAMWORK

Large ambitious goals usually require that people work together.

It's not magic.....it's planning.





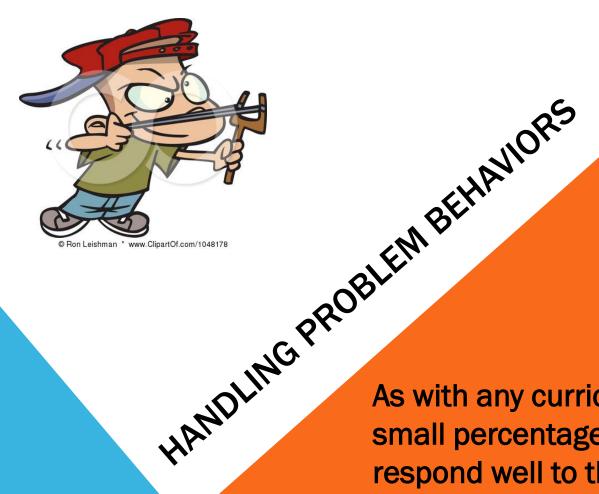
IMPORTANCE OF TEAM-DRIVEN

- People come and go
 - long-term sustainability
- Problem-solving process
 - need diverse expertise and input
- Avoid 1 person effort



Be a part of the team!





As with any curriculum, there will be a small percentage (5 - 15%) that don't respond well to the Universal level of instruction.



CONSEQUENCES

Who should deal with what behaviors?

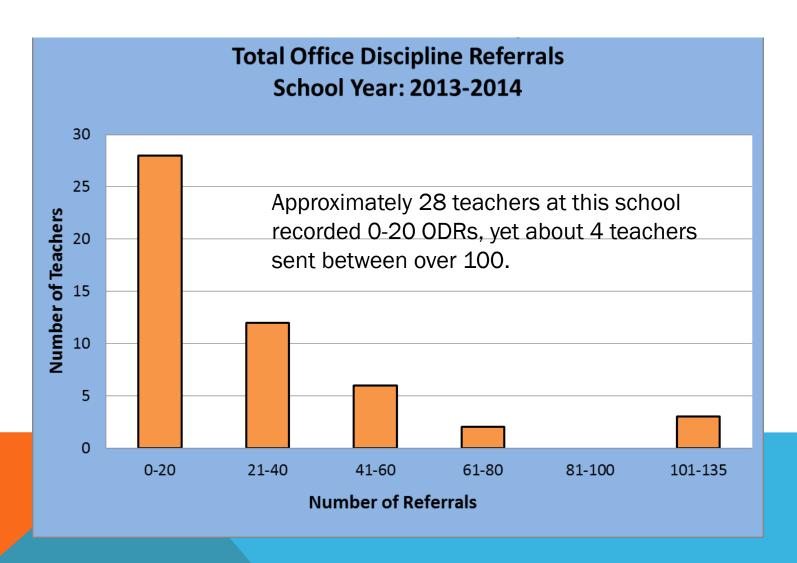
Classroom Managed vs. Office Managed



Have a plan!



OFFICE DISCIPLINE REFERRALS "BY TEACHER"



Why is there such *disparity* between the number of office discipline referrals by teachers in the SAME school?

How can this school be more consistent in handling problem behaviors?



T-CHART EXAMPLE

Staff Managed Behaviors	Office Managed Behaviors
 Minors Inappropriate Language Physical Contact Defiance/Insubordination/N on-Compliance Disrespect Disruption Dress Code Technology Violation Property Misuse Tardy Consequences are determined by staff	 Majors Abusive/Inappropriate Language Fighting Physical Aggression Defiance/Insubordination Harassment/Intimidation Inappropriate Display of Affection Vandalism/Property Destruction Lying/Cheating Skipping Technology Violation Dress Code Theft Arson Weapons Tobacco Alcohol/Drugs

MAJOR INFRACTION (OFFICE)

- Directing names to adults or repeated to a student (bullying)
- · Making a threat verbally or in writing expressing harm/violence
- · Cursing
- Punching, hitting, kicking (fighting)
- · Absolute defiance (Refusal to work or take directive)
- · Leaving class without permission or in an area not assigned
- Throwing desks, chairs, destroying school property
- Stealing
- Intentionally trying to access inappropriate sites online
- Numerous documented repeated minor
- Possession of tobacco, alcohol, drugs or
- Possession of weapons

MOR INFRACTION (BUDDY ROOM)

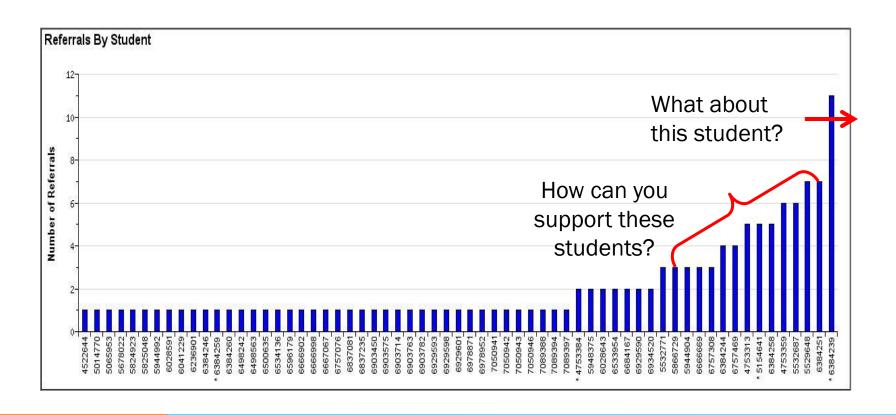
- · Horseplaying (Does not escalate) Not being prepared for class
- Missing homework/work
- Not following directions
- Accidently bumping into another student
- Inappropriate comments or calling names (not a pattern of behavior for that student)
- Spending too much time in restroom
- · Kicking a table/chair, breaking pencil/crayons
- Borrowing and just forgetting to return
- Being off task on the computer
- · Undocumented, "He's been doing this

WHAT IF A STUDENT NEEDS MORE?

Targeted and individualized interventions



USE DATA TO DETERMINE WHICH STUDENTS NEED EXTRA SUPPORTS



Other data you may want to use: Attendance, Grades, Benchmarks, etc.

Example of a <u>Tier 2</u> Intervention: <u>Check-in Check-out</u>

Name:	SAMPLE	Date:
-------	--------	-------

Teachers: Please indicate student=s achievement for the following goals... 2 = 1 or less "redirects" necessary

1 = 2 to 3 "redirects" necessary

0 = 4 or more "redirects" necessary

Expectation	Activ	Activity Class		Mrs.	Mrs. Lewis' class			Mrs. Graham's class			Mrs. McGee's class	
Respect Learning	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Others	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Self	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Environment	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Total Points												
Teacher Initials												
Assignments/Notes (written by student)												

Daily Goal:	26/32(80%)	Daily Score:	/ 32	Daily Percentage:	%

(Over)

TIER 3: INDIVIDUALIZED INTERVENTIONS

- For students exhibiting very <u>high-risk</u> behaviors
- For students with significant histories of **behavioral** and/or academic difficulties
- ➤ Specialized and intensive interventions



COMPONENT #5: EVALUATION & SUSTAINABLITY





Are you implementing with fidelity?



COMPONENT #5:

Regular evaluation of progress and school



PBIS ASSESSMENTS - ONLINE REPORTS

- ☐ Team Implementation Checklist
- □ Benchmarks of Quality
- ☐ Self-Assessment Survey



Available online at www.pbisassessment.org



ACKNOWLEDGENENTS



OUR APPRECIATION TO THE FOLLOWING FOR SHARING RESOURCES ON THE INTERNET:

www.pbisapps.org
www.pbis.org

Illinois PBIS Network: www.pbisillinois.org

Wisconsin PBIS Network:

http://www.wisconsinpbisnetwork.org/

Missouri Schoolwide Positive Behavior Support: <u>www.pbismissouri.org</u>

The PBIS Compendium – Special School District, St Louis MO:

http://pbiscompendium.ssd.k12.mo.us/

STAY IN TOUCH!

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http://cce.astate.edu/pbis

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