### **PBIS**

## POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS AND SUPPORTS

The Paraprofessional's Role in Behavior Support
July 9, 2015





#### **ARKANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY**

- Center for Community Engagement
- Office of Behavioral Research & Evaluation
- PBIS Resource Center







David Saarnio & Anne Merten

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

www.pbisapps.org

www.pbis.org

Illinois PBIS Network: www.pbisillinois.org

Wisconsin PBIS Network: <a href="http://www.wisconsinpbisnetwork.org/">http://www.wisconsinpbisnetwork.org/</a>

Missouri Schoolwide Positive Behavior Support: www.pbismissouri.org

The PBIS Compendium – Special School District, St Louis MO: <a href="http://pbiscompendium.ssd.k12.mo.us/">http://pbiscompendium.ssd.k12.mo.us/</a>

Tricia Hagerty & Sue VandeVoort, PBIS Coordinators, Highline Public Schools

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Support for Students with ASD

www.gvsu.edu/autismcenter/positive-behavioral-interventions-support-for-students-with-asd-90.htm Michigan Department of Education, Office of Special Education

#### "Expectations" for Today

#### Be Respectful

- Be on time
- Be a good listener

#### Be Responsible

Be active! Participate in the discussion and activities!

#### **Be Productive**

- Stay on task
- Help others stay on task



### Today's presentation will be available on our website:





#### **OPENING DISCUSSION**



## What are the <u>top 3</u> social/behavior issues you deal with in your classrooms?





## All schools and classrooms have social and behavioral issues



What are some of the most common problem behavior issues in schools?



From: Trends in Behavioral Referrals within a School-Wide
Discipline Plan
Rebecca C. Tursell
Internship conducted at Piney Point Elementary, Second Grade
Cooperating teacher: Mrs. Genevieve Pharis

#### IMPACT OF BEHAVIOR ISSUES ON SCHOOLS

More than 30% of school staff will leave the profession due to student discipline issues and intolerable behavior of students (Public Agenda, 2004).

Student's problem behaviors can consume more than **50%** of school staff and administrators' time (U.S. Department of Education, 2000).

#### **EVER HEARD THESE?**



- "Lantana, you skipped 2 school days, so we're going to suspend you for 2 more."
- "Phoebe, I'm taking your book away because you obviously aren't ready to learn."
- "You want my attention?! I'll show you attention...let's take a walk down to the office & have a little chat with the Principal."

#### **FACTS ABOUT PUNISHMENT**

May teach what NOT to do, but doesn't teach what TO do.

#### May work in the SHORT TERM: Illusion!!

Long Term: When THREAT of punishment is gone, behavior returns



If *punishment* for misbehavior doesn't work....

## What does?



## PREVENTION

# Prevent misbehavior from becoming a problem



## PREVENT...

## ...by teaching

- Start by
- teaching,
- monitoring, and
- rewarding





### What do you already know about PBIS?





# PBIS is a *framework* for improving school climate by changing behavior





#### **PURPOSE OF PBIS**

#### **ABSENCE OF BEHAVIOR IS NOT A GOAL!!**







#### 1. PREVENT

challenging behavior from occurring in the first place....

Antecedent-Based Interventions

Visual Schedules / Supports

Functional Communication Systems

**Peer Mediated Interventions** 

#### 2. TEACH

systems and new /
replacement behaviors
using effective teaching
techniques

Reinforcement / Differential Reinforcement

**Prompting** 

**Discrete Trial Training** 

## 3. RESPOND in ways that:

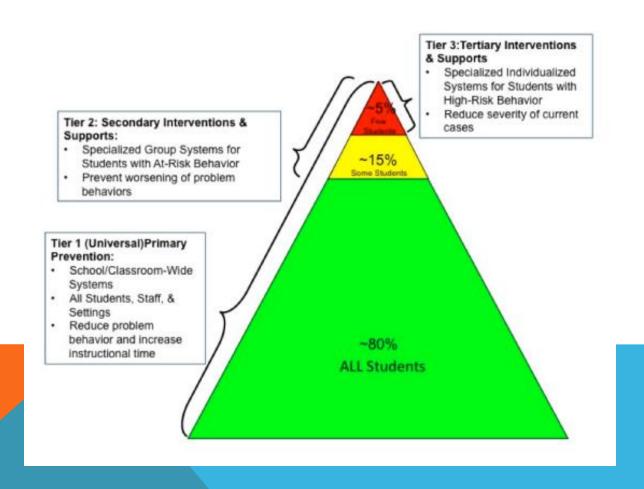
a. Do not reinforce challenging behavior;

b. Prevent further escalation

Extinction
Prompting
Self-Management
Adult Scripts

#### WHAT IS SCHOOL-WIDE PBIS?

Implementing PBIS builds a continuum of supports that begins with the <u>whole school</u> and extends to intensive, wraparound support for individual students and their families.



### Old Thinking vs. New Thinking

Old Thinking	New Thinking			
Views the STUDENT as the problem	Views the SYSTEM/SETTING & SKILL DEFICIENCY as the problem			
Attempts to FIX the student	Adjusts Systems/Settings & Improves Skills			
Emphasizes REDUCING Behavior	Emphasizes INCREASING Behavior			
Relies on NEGATIVE consequences	PRIMARILY relies on POSITIVE approaches			
Expectations of a QUICK fix	Goals of SUSTAINED results			
Designed by an "EXPERT"	Focus on TEAM approach			

#### HISTORY OF PBIS - 1980'S

## 1980s, need effective behavioral interventions for students with behavior disorders

#### HISTORY OF PBIS - 1990'S

- Reauthorization of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) of 1997,
- Establish a national Center on Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports
- Provide technical assistance to schools
- Evidence based practices for improving supports for students with BD.

#### PBIS IN LEGISLATION

- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
- Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEIA)
- No Child Left Behind (NCLB)
- PBIS In Upcoming Revision on Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA)

#### PBIS TODAY

Example:

Example:

Example:

Example:

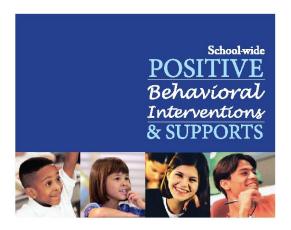
Example:

Example:

Ed PBIS Policy:

ALL Students

ALL Students

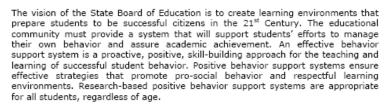


**Implementation Guide** 2010



#### MICHIGAN STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

#### POSITIVE BEHAVIOR SUPPORT POLICY



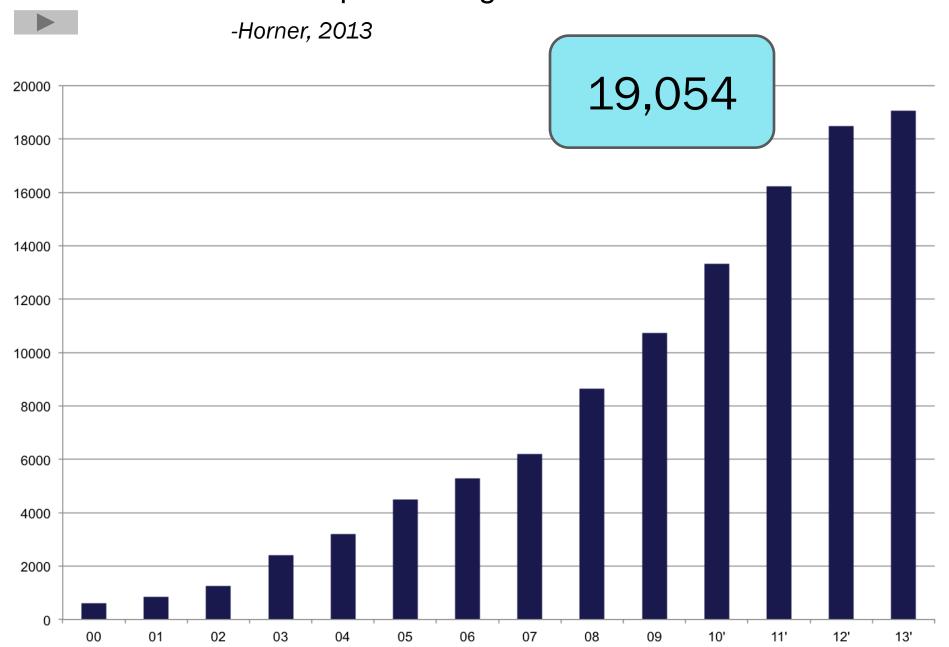
The principles of Universal Education reflect the beliefs that each person deserves and needs a positive, concerned, accepting educational community that values diversity and provides a comprehensive system of individual supports from birth to adulthood. A positive behavior support policy incorporates the demonstration and teaching of positive, proactive social behaviors throughout the school environment.

A positive behavior support system is a data-based effort that concentrates on adjusting the system that supports the student. Such a system is implemented by collaborative, school-based teams using person-centered planning. School-wide expectations for behavior are clearly stated, widely promoted, and frequently referenced. Both individual and school-wide learning and behavior problems are assessed comprehensively. Functional assessment of learning and behavior challenges is linked to an intervention that focuses on skill building. The effectiveness of the selected intervention is evaluated and reviewed, leading to data-based revisions. Positive interventions that support adaptive and pro-social behavior and build on the strengths of the student lead to an improved learning environment. Students are offered a continuum of methods that help them learn and maintain appropriate behavior and discourage violation of codes of student conduct.

In keeping with this vision, it is the policy of the State Board of Education that each school district in Michigan implement a system of school-wide positive behavior support strategies.

Adopted September 12, 2006

Number of Schools Implementing School-Wide PBIS since 2000



#### What's in it for you?

- More instructional time
- Positive interactions with students
- Sanity ☺
- Predictability:
  - Common, consistent practices and routines
  - Common language
- Work together toward a common goal



COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS WORKSHEET (Example)								
Enter info below			Time Regained					
School name	Any School		Minutes Hours Days	Student 10800 180 23	Administrator 7200 120 15			
Number of referrals for last year	720							
Number of referrals for this year	360			_				
Average # of minutes student is out of class due to referral	30							
Average # of minutes administrator needs to process referral	20							

#### IF YOU WANT STUDENT BEHAVIOR TO CHANGE ...

### ... Focus on YOU!





## The **focus** cannot just be on student behaviorit also has to be on **adult behavior**





#### **POSITIVE ADULT BEHAVIORS=POSITIVE STUDENT BEHAVIORS**

- Build positive relationships
- > Give students encouragement
- Engage students academically, socially
- Recognize students for positive behaviors





# So PBIS sounds great...Where do you start?







PRISTERN DEVELOR PROCESS



TEAMWORK

Large ambitious goals usually require that people work together.

## It's not magic.....it's planning.





#### IMPORTANCE OF TEAM-DRIVEN

- People come and go
  - long-term sustainability
- Problem-solving process
  - diverse expertise and input
- Avoid 1 person effort



Be a part of the team!



### Critical components of PBIS

- 1. Clear expectations and rules
- 2. Expected behaviors taught
- 3. Expected behaviors acknowledged regularly
- 4. Problem behaviors defined clearly
- 5. Regular examination of data
- 6. Regular evaluation & assessment



#### **COMPONENT #1:**

# Expected behaviors are defined clearly



## Start by assessing student behavior in your school (data!):

- What's happening behaviorally school-wide (or in the classroom)?
- What are problem behaviors?
- Is what you are doing working?





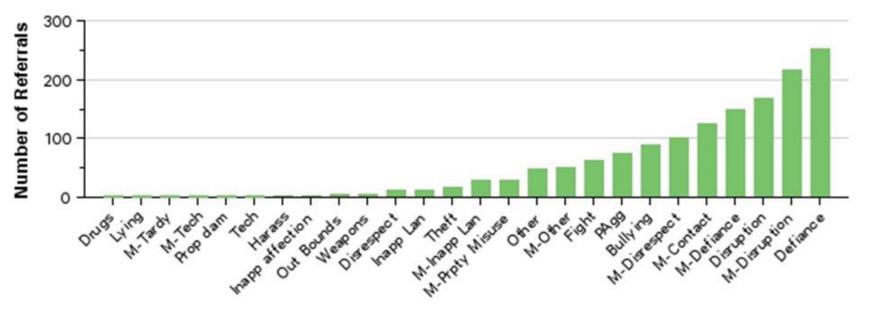
Example.

## WHAT are the students receiving ODRs for?

#### Referrals by Problem Behavior

All, Aug 1, 2013 - Jul 17, 2014





Problem Behavior



#### THEN...DEVELOP SCHOOL-WIDE EXPECTATIONS

- Purpose
  - ☐ Means of communication
  - □ Consistent communication
- Guidelines
  - ☐ Identify 3-5 expectations
  - ☐ Short, positive statements (what to do!)
  - ☐ Easy to remember
- For all students, staff, and settings
  - □ matrix





## THE JONESBORO WAY

- 1. Be Respectful of self, others, and surroundings.
- 2. Be <u>Responsible</u> and prepared at all times.
- 3. Be Ready to follow directions and procedures.

# Next, the Expectations must be clearly **DEFINED**



## The *rules* need to be based on school-wide expectations

- Stated positively
- Use common and few words
- Show what the behavior "looks like"

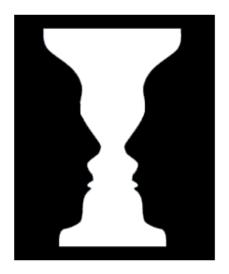
Be Respectful on the Playground

- 1. Take turns.
- 2. Use kind words and actions.
- 3. Line up quickly and quietly.









# Will all your students interpret the rules the same way?



#### BEHAVIOR MATRIX & GUIDELINES FOR DESIRED BEHAVIORS

## The Behavior Matrix

- ☐ defines desired behaviors for each setting and each expectation.
- provides language for feedback.



#### Example: School-Wide Expectations - Matrix

	Classrooms	Hallways	Playground	Assemblies	Cafeteria	Bathroom	Arrival/ Dismissal	Bus
Respectful	be supportive of classmates efforts     take turns     be courteous     treat school materials with care     listen when others are speaking	keep hands and feet to yourself     talk with an inside voice     use polite language	include all who want to play     use agreed upon game rules     use appropriate language (no put downs)     take turns	stay seated     listen to the presenter and follow directions     clap appropriately     keep hands and feet to self	wait your turn     use your manners     follow adult directions and respond respectfully     keep hands and feet to self	keep hands, feet and all other objects to yourself     wait your turn     allow other to have privacy     clean up after yourself     throw paper towels in trashcan	keep hands, feet, and other objects to yourself     walk quietly with your hands at your side	keep hands, feet, and other objects to yourself     use polite language     follow bus driver's directions
Accountable	follow classroom rules     have needed aterials     complete /turn in assignments on time	go directly to and from your destination	line up when whistle blows     listen to the adults on the playground	wait patiently and quietly for program to begin	wait quietly in line     go directly to lunch table     remain seated at your table until dismissed	enter/exit bathroom quietly     return to class in a timely manner	go immediately to your designated location	follow bus rules
Masterful	prepared     best effort in completing assignments     respond politely to adults	follow rules without reminders     open/hold doors for others	resolve conflicts appropriately     respond politely to adults	following appropriate behavior without reminders	clean up after yourself and others when you are finished eating     follow adult directions	leave promptly     respect privacy	respond to directions promptly     follow rules without reminders	exhibit understanding of all bus procedures
Safe	keep your area clean     keep hands, feet, nd all other objects to yourself     belongings secured     stay in your     "bubble"	carry a hall pass     walk on the right side of the hallway     watch where you are walking     stay in your     "bubble"	get adult permission to reenter the building     use equipment appropriately     leave rocks and sticks on the ground     keep hands and feet to self	enter and exit     assembly area in     an orderly manner     remain seated     stay in your     "bubble"	sit in assigned area only     walk and remain in line     carry tray with both hands     follow duty teachers' instructions	carry a hall pass     report any     problems to your     teacher or nearest     adult	carry all book bags and coats close to your body when walking	•

	Classrooms	Hallways	Playground
Respectful	<ul> <li>be supportive of classmates efforts</li> <li>take turns</li> <li>be courteous</li> <li>treat school materials with care</li> <li>listen when others are speaking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>keep hands and feet to yourself</li> <li>talk with an inside voice</li> <li>use polite language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>include all who want to play</li> <li>use agreed upon game rules</li> <li>use appropriate language (no put downs)</li> <li>take turns</li> </ul>
Accountable	<ul> <li>follow classroom rules</li> <li>have needed materials</li> <li>complete /turn in assignments on time</li> </ul>	go directly to and from your destination	<ul><li>line up when whistle blows</li><li>listen to the adults on the playground</li></ul>



- ■Be quick.
- Speak quietly.
- Respect privacy of others.
- Use fixtures & supplies appropriately.
- Put only toilet paper in toilet.
- •Flush toilet.
- •Wash & dry hands.
- •Keep restrooms clean.
- Report anything that needs attention to a staff member.

- 3 min
- Pick one of your top 3 problem behaviors you identified earlier that you DON'T WANT TO SEE
- 2. Determine what behavior you WANT TO SEE
- 3. Remember to state the desired behaviors positively

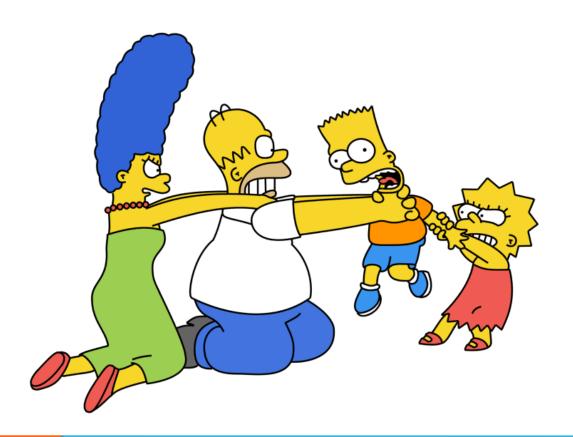
	Classrooms			
	Problem behavior: fighting over computer time			
Respectful	Positive behavior: share computer time Take Turns			

#### **COMPONENT 2:**

## Expected behaviors taught



#### SHOULDN'T STUDENTS KNOW HOW TO BEHAVE BY NOW?





Every student shows up to school with behavior skills...

...they just might not be appropriate skills





#### **KEYS TO CHANGING BEHAVIOR**

- 1. Explicit teaching
- 2. Prompts
- 3. Practice
- 4. Positive feedback
- 5. Strategies for support

## First though, adult behavior has to change...











the <u>over-active</u> student

the <u>defiant</u> student

the <u>destructive</u> student



#### **EXAMPLE: LEARNING TO PLAY LACROSSE**

- 1. Don't have 12 players on the field.
- 2. Never have less than 4 defensive players at the bottom half of the field.
- 3. <u>Don't</u> carry the ball in your hands.
- 4. Never have more than 3 midfielders.
- 5. <u>Don't</u> have defensive and offensive players on the same side of the field.

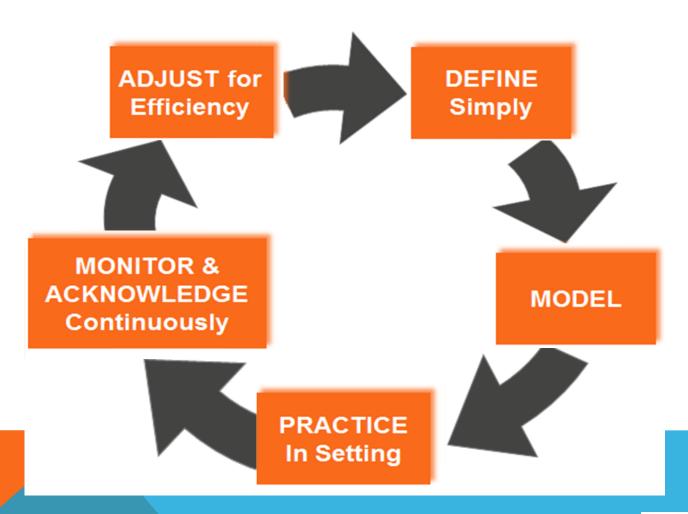


## Now....GO PLAY!!! ©



"What makes more sense than saying you need to teach a child something before you expect them to do it?"

#### **TEACH BEHAVIOR LIKE ACADEMICS**





#### **BEHAVIOR LESSON PLANS...**

- Aligned to school-wide expectations
- Demonstrated by Adults
  - inappropriate and appropriate behavior
- Role -played and practiced by students
- Feedback provided by Adults



## **TIPS IN TEACHING**

Have students create skits.



- Have students & staff create video
- Use older students to show younger students



#### PBIS GOOD AND BAD EXAMPLES

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HO-M\_QpiG5o











## **EXAMPLE: TEACHING EXPECTATIONS WITH**"ROTATION STATIONS"





Thank you to Brookland Middle School

	Harral	Mason	Reed	Lewis	Graham	McGee
Stop #1	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)	Dress code (Computer lab)	Bus	Cafeteria	Playground	Restroom
Stop #2	Dress code (Computer lab)	Bus	Cafeteria	Playground	Restroom	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)
Stop #3	Bus	Cafeteria	Playground	Restroom	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)	Auditorium
Stop #4	Cafeteria	Playground	Restroom	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)	Auditorium	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)
Stop #5	Playground	Restroom	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)	Auditorium	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)	Dress code (Computer lab)
Stop #6	Restroom	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)	Auditorium	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)	Dress code (Computer lab)	Bus
Stop #7	Rewards (Auditorium lobby)	Auditorium	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)	Dress code (Computer lab)	Bus	Cafeteria
Stop #8	Auditorium	Hallway (5 <sup>th</sup> grade hall)	Dress code (Computer lab)	Bus	Cafeteria	Playground

No Activity Classes today.

Homeroom teachers, please plan to spend about 30 minutes teaching expected behaviors for these parts of the Behavior Matrix: Arrival, Dismissal, Indoor Break, Activity Classes and Classroom.

**Celebration assembly** in the Auditorium for 5<sup>th</sup> graders from 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

## **STUDENTS** TEACH "BOOSTER" TRAININGS



## REPETITION IS KEY

Review the Cool Tool daily

Remind students of expected behaviors often

Find opportunities to <u>pre-correct</u>



## **DAILY ROUTINE!**

**EXAMPLE: PRINCIPAL'S PBIS "TIP OF THE DAY"** 



"Think of people traffic in the hallway like car traffic on the street. Cars drive on the right side of the street. If you walk on the right side of the hall, you won't run into people traveling in the opposite direction. No one wants to have a "wreck" in the hall! **Bearcats never lose when they respect others and the environment!"** 

### Example:

Teaching expectations at an all-school assembly



District PBIS coordinator for Westside schools Mark Sloan (sitting) performs a funny skit to demonstrate proper toilet etiquette to Westside Elementary School students at a school assembly Tuesday.

#### **ACTIVITY** Teaching and Reviewing Expectations



Based on the problem behaviors you identified earlier, how would you would 'teach' a behavior *rule* in the area you monitor?

Classrooms Share Computer Time Take Turns How would you teach these rules?



#### **COMPONENT #3:**

# Expected behaviors acknowledged regularly



#### "WHAT THE WORLD'S GREATEST MANAGERS DO DIFFERENTLY""

#### .Create working environments where employees:

- 1. Know what is expected
- 2. Have the materials and equipment to do the job correctly
- 3. Receive recognition each week for good work
- 4. Have a supervisor who cares, and pays attention
- 5. Receive encouragement to contribute and improve

#### WHY DO WE ACKNOWLEDGE DESIRED BEHAVIOR?

- Reinforce new behaviors
- Encourage the behaviors we want in the future
- Positive peer pressure
- May be the only bright spot in student's day!!
- Turn the behavior into a habit!!

Change from continuous (all the time) to partial or intermittent (some of the time) reinforcement





### Acknowledge good behavior when you see it!







School-wide reinforcements are for <u>every</u> student in the building

- Move from
  - highly frequent to less frequent
  - tangible to social
- Always tell the student WHY he/she is getting the acknowledgement – restate the expectation



Be **SPECIFIC** in your praise!

No: "Yo Dude....good job!"

Yes: "Thank you Jack for picking up that trash!

I appreciate how you are respecting our cafeteria!"



#### SPECIFIC POSITIVE FEEDBACK

"Thank you for being responsible by following directions and getting started right away. When I said it was time to begin, you cleared off your desk, got your materials out immediately, and began working quickly. Because you got started so quickly, you have earned a Cardinal Card."

words have power



#### **ACTIVITY**



Practice giving SPECIFIC POSITIVE FEEDBACK using problem behaviors you identified and then acknowledging behavior you want to see!

Remember to tie it back to an example of a school-wide expectation!



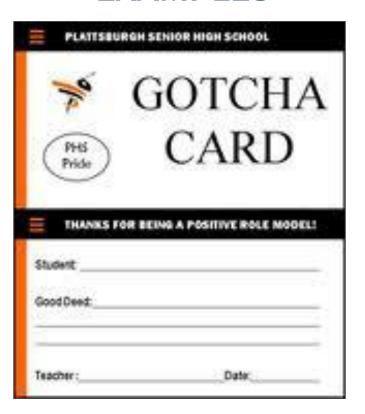


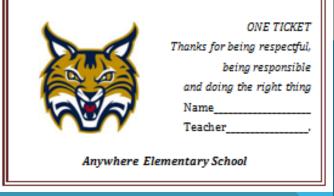
#### PLANNING ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ☐ Decide <u>what to use</u> to acknowledge expected behavior
- ☐ Develop a plan (matrix) for who/what/when/where/how reinforcers will be used
- ☐ Be consistent!



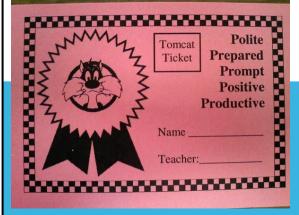
#### **EXAMPLES**





OWLinder Hoots	
Name: For being: Safe Responsible Respectful	In the:  Cafeteria/Owls ne  Play Area  Bathroom
Given by:	☐ Walkways ☐ Working areas

schall	You were caught being W.I.S.E
Name	ON TARY
	We are RESPECTFUL!
_	I CAREL
_	SAFETY Matters!
_	Everyone is RESPONSIBLE!
WISE	behavior:



#### Student Behavior has been Acknowledged.....

...what reinforcers are going to excite your students?



## STUDENT & TEACHER INCENTIVE IDEAS





### Think about it...

- What interests do your students have?
- What can you do if your school has a limited budget?



# Give your students a voice and a choice!



### Ask your students!







#### Pride Paw Store Order Form

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Homeroom teacher:

Circle the item(s) you want to purchase.

Fold up this paper and put it and your Pride Paws in a zip-lock bag. Give the bag to your teacher to turn in.

<u>200</u> <u>150</u> <u>100</u>

Basketball Yo-yo Flarp noise putty

Soccer ball Bouncey ball Silly Putty

Football

4-square ball

<u>75</u> <u>50</u>

Lunch line pass 5 glow sticks

Admission pass Juice box (for school ball game) Barefoot pass

Bearcat silly bands (set of 5)

<u>40</u> <u>20</u>

Lay's Classic chips Punch ball

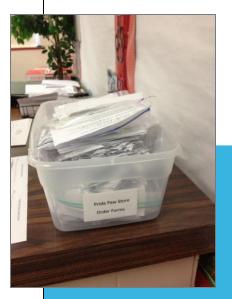
Doritos – Nacho Cheese Grab bag

Doritos - Cool Ranch

Cheetos

Sun Chips

Fritos



To: Students From: Mrs. Hulett

Here are some slightly different Pride Paws for you to give staff members, if you'd like. When you want to show someone your appreciation, fill out one of these Pride Paws and give it to the staff member you are thinking about.

Your compliment will be a real "reward."

TAKETU	
students ack	PVS!!!
© School-Wide e	Nedge STAFF
	TAKE TUP Students acknow Sing school-wide 6

This Pride Paw	 *	
oecause		
rom:	2	





#### **FUNDING PBIS**

#### **Community Outreach**

- How can you solicit donations?
  - Monetary
  - Items for rewards
  - Help with celebrations



- What are some potential community partnerships or sponsorships and how will you solicit them?
- How will you share information with the community? How often will you do this?



### Sometimes the best things in

life are





#### NON-COST (MOSTLY) REINFORCEMENT IDEAS FOR STUDENTS

- Listen to music during silent reading time
- Extra minutes at the computer
- Wear hat to school
- Worksheet/Homework passes (limited # per week/month)
- Leave for lunch one/two minute(s) early
- Pass to be first in line for lunch
- One free restroom trip
- 5 minutes of free reading, high interest magazines available
- Buy a soda from machine
- Activity for class (movie, math game, dodge ball, etc.)
- Tell a pre-approved joke/riddle on morning announcements
- Make announcements over the PA for 1 week
- Wear your hoodie
- Music listen to during passing time and lunch
- Basketball with principal
- Play P-I-G in gym before school with one friend
- Late pass
- Prime reserved parking spot
- Free pass/reduced cost to school dance

### School-wide Celebrations







#### POSITIVE BEHAVIOR ASSEMBLIES







#### MONTHLY CHALLENGE



#### **ACTIVITY**



#### Reinforcement

What methods could you use to recognize and reinforce good behavior for the students in your area?



#### **COMPONENT #4:**

## Problem behaviors defined clearly

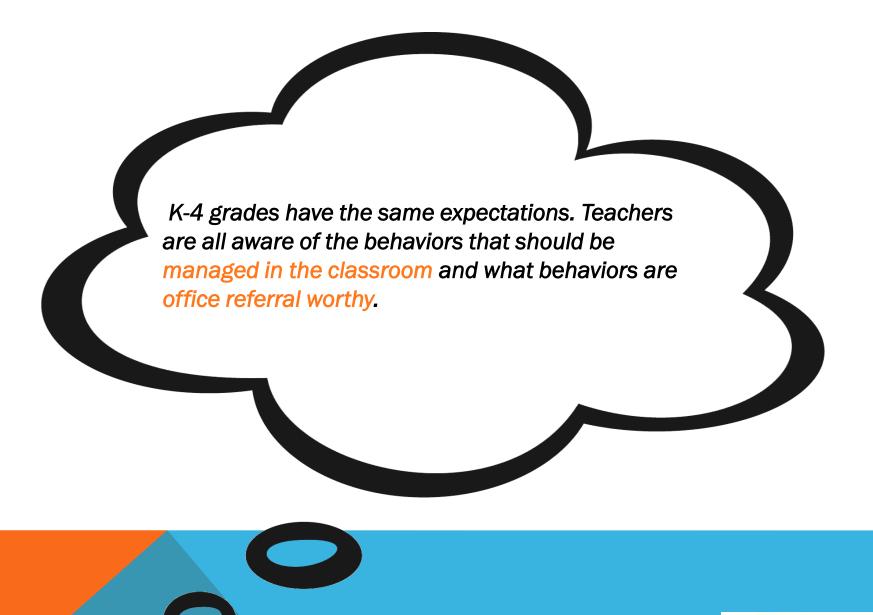




#### Who deals with what behaviors?

- Do staff agree on what behaviors are Classroom Managed vs. Office Managed?
- Procedures for handling problem behavior=consistency among all staff





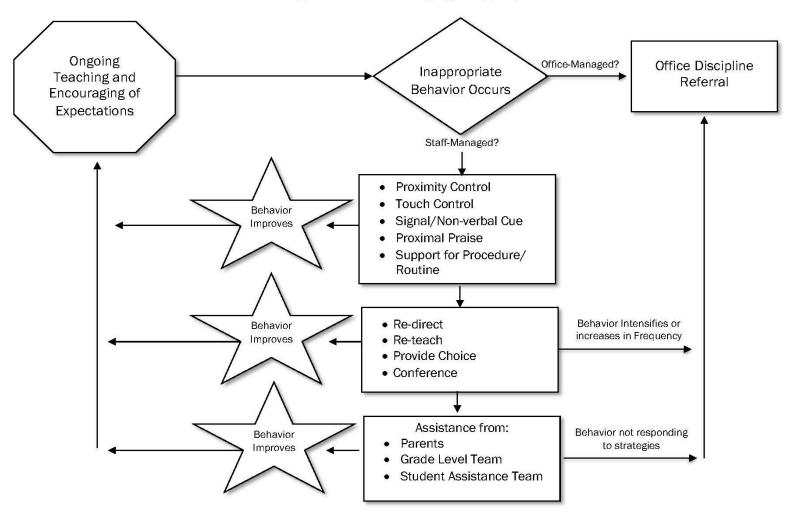


TEACHER MANAGED BEHAVIORS	OFFICE MANAGED BEHAVIORS

#### T-CHART EXAMPLE

Staff Managed Behaviors	Office Managed Behaviors
<ul> <li>Minors</li> <li>Inappropriate Language</li> <li>Physical Contact</li> <li>Defiance/Insubordination/Non-Compliance</li> <li>Disrespect</li> <li>Disruption</li> <li>Dress Code</li> <li>Technology Violation</li> <li>Property Misuse</li> <li>Tardy</li> </ul> Consequences are determined by	<ul> <li>Majors</li> <li>Abusive/Inappropriate Language</li> <li>Fighting</li> <li>Physical Aggression</li> <li>Defiance/Insubordination</li> <li>Harassment/Intimidation</li> <li>Inappropriate Display of Affection</li> <li>Vandalism/Property Destruction</li> <li>Lying/Cheating</li> <li>Skipping</li> <li>Technology Violation</li> <li>Dress Code</li> </ul>
staff	<ul><li>Theft</li><li>Arson</li><li>Weapons</li><li>Tobacco</li><li>Alcohol/Drugs</li></ul>

#### Continuum of Support for Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior





#### **COMPONENT #5:**

### Regular examination of data



#### HOW AND WHY SHOULD PBIS USE DATA?

Review data showing progress

Look at current data and problem solve

Communicate data to school, district, families





#### POSITIVE POST CARDS = DATA GOING HOME!



"About once a month I choose a student to receive the "positive postcard". I actually mail a postcard to their house! They love receiving mail from their teacher!"

### WHAT DATA DO YOU NEED TO PROBLEM SOLVE?

- What problem behavior?
- How often?
- Where?
- When?
- Who?
- Why sustaining?





## Primary vs. Precision Statements

Primary Statements	Precision Statement
Too many referrals	
September has more suspensions than last year	There are more ODRs for aggression on the playground than last year. These are most likely to occur during first recess, with a large number of students, and the aggression is related to getting access to the new playground equipment.
Gang behavior is increasing	
The cafeteria is out of control	
Student disrespect is out of control	



## Solution Development & Action Planning

- Prevention keep it from happening again
- <u>Extinction</u> make the expected behavior more attractive than the problem behavior
- <u>Recognition</u> acknowledge those that follow the expected behavior
- <u>Consequences</u> <u>consistent</u> handling of any persistent problem behaviors
- <u>Data Collection</u> is it working?



#### **COMPONENT #6:**

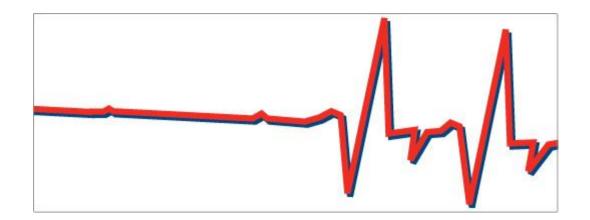
## Regular evaluation and assessment



## How long do you want good behavior to last?



## Ways to check the pulse of PBIS in your school







#### STUDENT CLIMATE SURVEYS

<u>Idea</u>: Develop a simple Survey Monkey survey for students to take during their Computer Lab class!



#### PBIS Student Respect Climate Survey

Name:		ID#:	Date:	
	Directions: Circle the be	st answer that mate	hes each statement.	

#### In my school...

1. I feel safe.						
Stror Disagr		l don't agree o disagree (3)	Agree (4)	Strongly Agree (5)		
2. Other studer	nts treat me respe	ctfully.				
Stror Disagr		2) I don't agree o disagree (3)	Agree (4)	Strongly Agree (5)		
3. I treat other:	students respectfu	lly.				
Stror Disagr		2) I don't agree o disagree (3)	Agree (4)	Strongly Agree (5)		
4. Adults treat	me respectfully.					
Stror Disagr		2) I don't agree o disagree (3)	Agree (4)	Strongly Agree (5)		
5. I treat adults in my school respectfully.						
Stror Disagr		l don't agree o disagree (3)	Agree (4)	Strongly Agree (5)		

#### In the past week...

	Never (1)	1-3 times (2)	4-6 times	7-9 times	10+ times
<b>7.</b> How m	nany times d	id you see some	one else treated d	lisrespectfully?	
	Never (1)	1-3 times (2)	4-6 times	7-9 times	10+ times
8. How m	nany times d	id you ask some	one else to "stop"	?	
	Never (1)	1-3 times (2)	4-6 times	7-9 times	10+ times
9. How m	nany times d	id someone ask	you to "stop"?		
	Never (1)	1-3 times (2)	4-6 times	7-9 times	10+ times
	many times	did you help som	neone walk away f	from disrespectful	behavior?
<b>10.</b> How	many umes	ara you noip con	iconic main amay i	Tom dicroop cotton	

# STUDENT CLIMATE SURVEY EXAMPLE

- source: Illinois PBIS Network





#### **STAFF SURVEYS**

<u>Idea</u>: Develop a simple Survey Monkey survey for staff to take during your next meeting





#### **PBIS Implementation Survey for Schools**

The purpose of this survey is to find out a little about your implementation of PBIS. By answering the questions below, you will be helping the PBIS team understand how PBIS is put into action throughout the school.

each question belo	the appropriate box to the right of w.	Not a	A Little Bit	Quite a Bit	A Lot
1. How much do YOU im	plement PBIS at your school?				
2. How well do YOU und	erstand the fundamentals of PBIS?				
3. How much training ha	ve YOU had for PBIS?				,
4. How often do YOU tea	ch behavioral expectations to stud	dents?			
. How often do YOU giv	e out acknowledgements to stude	nts?			
of PBIS?	re receiving support in your imple				
your school?	with the planning of PBIS implem				
implementing PBIS?	U that your school will see positive				
behavior?	procedures in place for handling p				
	eferral data used to make decision	s about			
behavior lesson plans?					
behavior lesson plans 11. Do administrators reg implementation at you	larly show their support of PBIS	BIS better?			
behavior lesson plans: 11. Do administrators regimplementation at your. 2. In your role at school, v	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school?	annige appearanteers.			
behavior lesson plans? 11. Do administrators reginglementation at you 2. In your role at school, v  3. What additional inform	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school? vhat would help YOU implement P	/or its implementation	in your scho		
behavior lesson plans?  11. Do administrators reg implementation at you  2. In your role at school, v  3. What additional inform	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school? what would help YOU implement P ation do you need about PBIS and oral interventions that you feel are	/or its implementation	in your scho		
behavior lesson plans: 11. Do administrators regimplementation at you 2. In your role at school, v 3. What additional inform 4. Are there other behavior (Please check YES o	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school? what would help YOU implement P ation do you need about PBIS and oral interventions that you feel are	or its implementation more effective than P	in your scho	ol?	
behavior lesson plans?  11. Do administrators reg implementation at you  2. In your role at school, v  3. What additional inform  4. Are there other behavior (Please check YES o	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school?  That would help YOU implement P  ation do you need about PBIS and  oral interventions that you feel are	/or its implementation remore effective than P remore effective?	in your scho	ol?	
behavior lesson plans:  11. Do administrators reging implementation at your color at school, where the school is a school in the	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school?  That would help YOU implement P  ation do you need about PBIS and  oral interventions that you feel are r NO)	/or its implementation more effective than P re more effective?	in your scho	ol?	
behavior lesson plans?  11. Do administrators reg implementation at you  2. In your role at school, v  3. What additional inform  4. Are there other behavior (Please check YES of the yes, what  5. What is your primary role.  6. How many years have y	ularly show their support of PBIS ur school?  what would help YOU implement P ation do you need about PBIS and oral interventions that you feel are r NO)	/or its implementation more effective than P more effective? chool? (Circle your ans	in your scho	ol?	

#### Thank you for your help!



Originally based on a survey developed by FL-PBS Project at University of South Florida. For questions about, or assistance with, this instrument, please contact Arkansas State University's Center for Community Engagement at <a href="cce@astate.edu">cce@astate.edu</a>.

# STAFF SURVEY EXAMPLE

Survey on our website at:

cce.astate.edu/pbis/training-materials

(under heading December 6, 2012 Staff Involvement)



# Goal is to make sure what you are doing is working!





#### SHARING DATA WITH STAKEHOLDERS

#### **Examples**

- Share a success story in a newsletter to parents
- Present data to school board
- Ask local media to cover a success story
- Post data in key locations in school
- Share data with students and present a challenge
- Share data regularly with staff to show successes



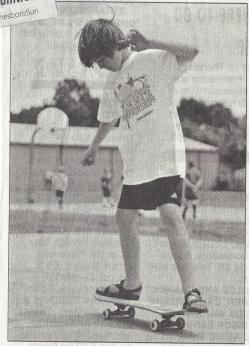
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#### Blazin' wheels

Valley View Intermediate fifth-graders Savannah Bailey (left) and Kim Buazard ride scooters around the playground Wednesday during May Madness, a PBIS (Positive Behavior Intervention and Support) reward for students.



Staci Vandagriff | The Sun

#### Finding the balance

**Evan Elk**, a Valley View Intermediate fifth-grader, builds up speed to attempt a skateboard trick Wednesday on the playground during May Madness at VVIS.

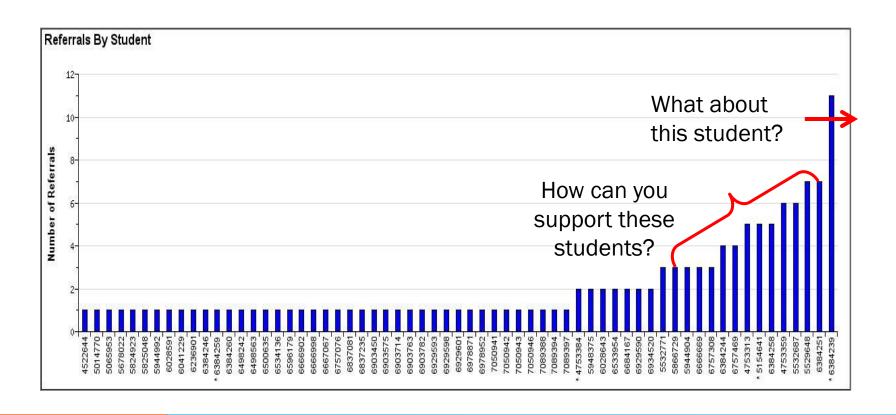
# WHAT IF A STUDENT NEEDS MORE?



# Targeted and individualized interventions



## USE DATA TO DETERMINE WHICH STUDENTS NEED EXTRA SUPPORTS



Other data you may want to use: Attendance, Grades, Benchmarks, etc.

#### Example of a <u>Tier 2</u> Intervention: <u>Check-in Check-out</u>

Name:	SAMPLE	Date:
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Teachers: Please indicate student=s achievement for the following goals... 2 = 1 or less "redirects" necessary

1 = 2 to 3 "redirects" necessary

**0** = 4 or more "redirects" necessary

Expectation	Activ	ity Cla	ss	Mrs.	Lewis'	class	Mrs. Graham's class Mrs. McGee		e's class			
Respect Learning	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Others	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Self	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Respect Environment	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Total Points												
Teacher Initials												
Assignments/Notes (written by student)												

Daily Goal:	26/32(80%)	Daily Score:	/ 32	Daily Percentage:	%

(Over)

#### **TIER 3: INDIVIDUALIZED INTERVENTIONS**

- For students exhibiting very <u>high-risk</u> behaviors
- For students with significant histories of **behavioral** and/or academic difficulties
- ➤ Specialized and intensive interventions



# The Paraprofessional's Role in Behavior Support

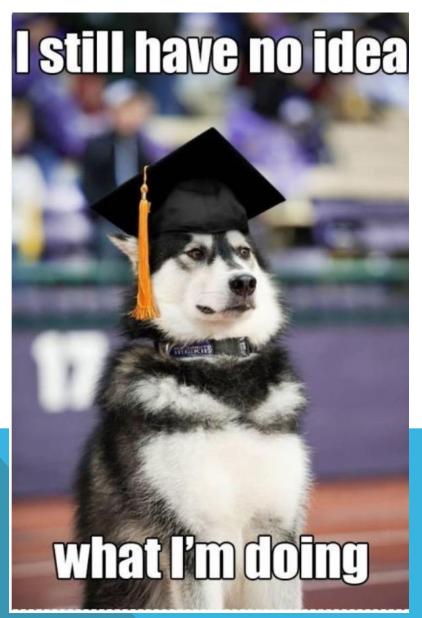
# In <u>Tier 1</u> of PBIS, the paraprofessional can assist with the following activities:

- Assist the team in teaching and modeling the 3-5 behavioral expectations
- Reiterate the rules to students who do not comply
- Write up office discipline referrals for repeat offenders
- Assist with data entry of office discipline referral data

# In Tier 1 of PBIS, the paraprofessional can assist with the following activities (continued):

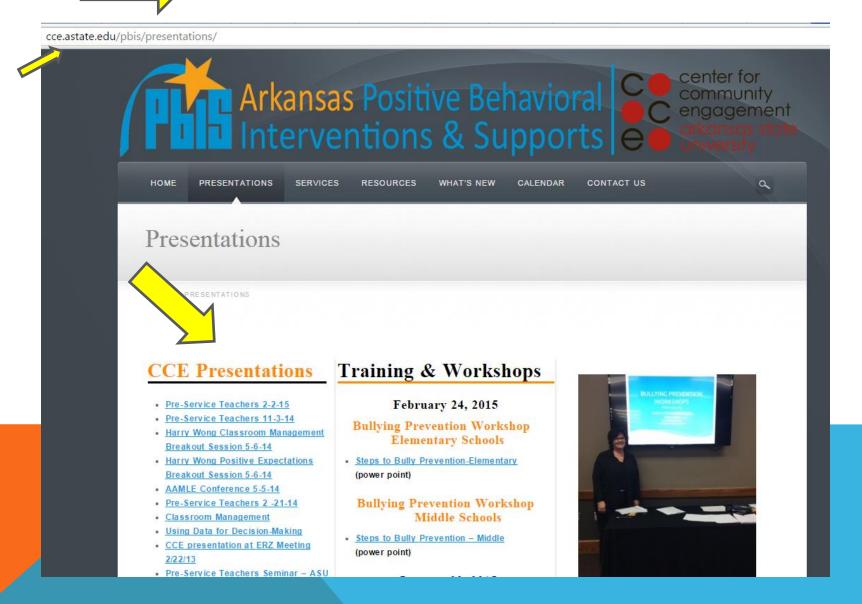
- Pass out recognition slips (gotchas) to students who exhibit excellent examples of the 3-5 behavioral expectations
- Assist with posters, matrices, and murals depicting the 3-5 behavioral expectations
- Label appropriate behaviors verbally

### **QUESTIONS??**



#### Today's presentation will be available on our website:









Email: cce@astate.edu

Website: cce.astate.edu/pbis/

